

SALT LAKE HERALD.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

BY THE HERALD PUBLISHING CO.

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THE HERALD PUBLISHING COMPANY.
 H. C. BROWNLEE, Business Manager.

Is the Paper for the Family

LOOK OUT FOR NEXT SUNDAY'S HERALD. It will be a "hummer."

COL. LITT has been to New York to have his throat treated, so he can shout out loud.

THERE was an ice-cream and soda-water twang to the weather yesterday in Salt Lake.

GEORGIA seems to be getting in its work at the departments in Washington, but Georgia is a big state.

THE FRENCH legislative corps appears to be organized on lines similar to the Kansas general assembly.

SOME of the Kansas towns are emulating Philadelphia. As against the trolley, they are in favor of mules.

THE NOMENCLATURE of the new office-holding routine bids fair to be noteworthy. TRIP and DODDS were added yesterday.

MR. CLEVELAND has been president just a month, and yet some newspapers are beginning to discuss the question who shall be his successor.

MRS. FRANK, the Quaker evangelist, says no cigarette smoker can get to heaven. Smoke, we suppose, is adapted only to the lower altitudes.

MORE STOCK might be taken in the reliability of the Brazilian battles, if it were not about the time when the speculators manipulate the coffee crop.

GENERAL APATHY and bad weather are charged with responsibility for the light vote in Michigan. The fact is it is a Republican state and joined to its idols.

IN HIS younger days Assistant Postmaster-General MAXWELL belonged to a fire department. Perhaps that explains his putting out so many Republican office-holders.

THERE WERE five tickets in the field for yesterday's Denver municipal election—the Democratic, the Republican, the People's, the Prohibition and the Independent Citizens'.

IF MR. CLEVELAND pursues his usual policy, he will wait till the Utah contingent leaves Washington before making appointments for this territory. Why don't they come home?

EX-GOVERNOR BULLOCK of Georgia estimates the number of dogs in that state at 10,000,000. This would be five dogs to each inhabitant, which is preposterous. Some of the human population must have been counted.

HON. JOHN T. CAINE having designated the university of Utah as the depository of public documents for this territory, the interior department has begun sending the government's publications to that institution.

THE STEAMER Newport from Colon, which arrived in New York on the 1st, brought a man 9 feet and 10 inches tall, weighing 415 pounds. As he is only 25 years of age, we advise him to come west and grow up with the country.

IT has been stated in THE HERALD that the appointment of WILLIAM EADS as governor of New Mexico was to put an end to a factional quarrel. Mr. E. being endorsed by the Delegate in Congress to that end. It is now claimed by the Kiek-

ing crowd that EADS is a non-resident. But he is as good a citizen of New Mexico as those who make the complaint.

RHODE ISLAND's state ticket and legislature, and two members of Congress are to be elected today. The special congressional election is ordered because there was a failure in both districts to choose in November, Rhode Island requiring a majority, not a plurality, to elect.

THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL of Kansas interprets the new anti-electioneering law of that state as prohibiting the hiring of carriages, ostensibly to take voters to the polls. Any pretext for doing away with this nuisance is a god-send to political committees. The hack-drivers are the only ones deriving any benefit from the custom.

THE APPOINTMENT of Colonel JAMES E. NEAL, of Hamilton, Ohio, to the United States consulate at Liverpool, reduces the number of aspirants for the honor of defeating MCKINLEY for governor. NEAL is one of the foremost democrats in the State. It was he who made the motion at Chicago whereby the original report of the committee on resolutions was amended in respect to the tariff.

IT seems that the visiting etiquette between the captain general of Cuba and the rear admiral of the American fleet at Havana has been widely violated, and our proud government insulted by means of a particularly exasperating snub administered to the rear admiral aforesaid. Here is a *casus belli*, as the diplomats say, and an opportunity for Uncle Sam to make the Queen of the Antilles fairly squint.

A Caution Repeated.

THE HERALD renews its caution to conference and dedication visitors and also people in this city who attend those services, to beware of thieves and burglars. If some folks who now bewail the loss of valuables had taken heed to the advice of this paper they might now be safe from the losses they have incurred.

Chief PAUL has increased his police force with commendable activity. But this will only accomplish a little in the desired direction. People must take measures to protect themselves and their homes. The officers cannot be ubiquitous. They will do what they can but must not be expected to do impossibilities. While in a crowd everybody will have to take care of their own pockets, and houses should not be vacated and left a prey to robbers.

Already some burglaries have been committed, and people coming out of the tabernacle yesterday morning had their pockets picked, much to their astonishment as well as chagrin. There are some experienced crooks in town on their way to Chicago. The local scamps too are on the *qui vive*, but they are pretty well known to the police and they will be watched.

Extra precautions ought to be taken at night in securing doors and windows, and as visitors staying with friends may be out at night, care ought to be taken that egress shall not be as easy for thieves as the visitors.

Ladies should not carry money or valuables in hand-bags which can be cut off or snatched away. Nobody should follow strangers into strange places. Watches and pockets should be guarded in a crowd, whether inside or outside of a building. And any case of robbery should be at once reported to the police with all the particulars that can be given. Look out for thieves!

The Death Penalty.

The case of R. IYING LATIMER, who murdered his mother in Michigan, is suspected of poisoning his father, and has killed one guard in the state prison and nearly done for another, has brought up for discussion once more the question of capital punishment.

The sentiment of the age tends toward compassion instead of cruelty to criminals. The idea of vengeance, which used to prevail in reference to crime, is now entertained chiefly by mobs and individuals incensed against persons accused of outrageous and extraordinary offenses. The law contemplates retribution rather than revenge, and that is meted out as necessary both to the protection of society and, where possible, the reformation of the offender. Penalties, therefore, have been greatly modified of late years, and sometimes it appears as though they would be abolished if extremists had their way.

Killing for murder seems to a great many thoughtful people a repetition of crime. They take the ground that the law ought not to do that which it condemns in man. They think all punishment should be reformatory, and you can't reform a man after hanging him. They say killing a human being is the worst use you can put him to.

Others fall back on the divine law, or the injunction of the Bible, whose sheddeth man's blood of him shall man's blood be shed. And those who do not care much for antiquity contend that there is no penalty adequate to capital crime except capital punishment. A being who kills another, they think, is not fit to live, and the law is justified in taking his life to protect other people and to vindicate the expressed will of the people as formulated by statute. The idea that law may not take life because an individual may not, is answered by the fact that law may imprison people, compel them to pay money and do many other things that a private person may not perform.

Several states have tried the abolition of the death penalty with more or less success and failure, some experiments appearing successful and others showing a decided failure resulting in a return to the old plan. Michigan, where LATIMER is held in custody, has no death penalty. That is what has occasioned renewed debate on this question.

LATIMER was of respectable parents and good education, as the term is commonly used. His father was a Rhode Island manufacturer. The son graduated from a high school in New England, was religiously reared and when his father failed in business and moved to Jackson,

Michigan, he took active part in business, became proprietor of a drug store and moved in good society.

The father died under very suspicious circumstances, but the son was not suspected. When, however, he shot his mother and then beat her to death, the father's untimely end was attributed to him. He had carefully prepared an alibi to escape the consequences of the murder of his mother, but it did not work.

He was convicted and sentenced to imprisonment for life because there was no legal hanging in Michigan. While in prison he was allowed to set up a small drug store, as it were, doctored his fellow prisoners and at last dosed two of the guards with prussic acid, one of whom died, and he made his escape. He was captured, however, and was returned to prison and placed in solitary confinement.

Passing by all consideration of the lax manner of conducting the Michigan penitentiary, what adequate punishment is there for the crimes of LATIMER? He cannot be imprisoned any longer than for life. What, then, is the penalty for the murder of the guard? None at all. It may be said it he was executed for one of the murders there would be no penalty for the others, which is true. But in this case he would not have committed the last if he had been hung for the first, and a man can make no more atonement than yield his life, no matter how many crimes he may commit.

This maudlin sentimentality towards criminals which leads a murderer with flowers and causes beauty to smile upon him and cheer him in his deserved troubles, receives its full expression in withholding the death penalty for a deliberate assassin. For such creatures as LATIMER, no matter how he may be viewed, there is no adequate penalty but death, and society is not safe while such beings are permitted to live. We do not advocate indiscriminate killing for unlawful homicide, but believe that the death penalty is useful so as to be possible for the worst class of willful murderers.

An Unworthy Insinuation.

A country contemporary descends upon the bounty system in connection with beet culture for sugar making, and intimates that the subject is a disagreeable one to certain Democrats, because they did not support the bounty movement in the last territorial legislature.

We have to say that the Democrats of Utah are as much in favor of sugar production from home grown beets as any Republican can be. We think there is as much money invested in the industry here by Democrats as by any other class of politicians. And they are willing to pursue the industry without any special aid from the pockets of the taxpayers.

There are two sides to the bounty question, and we are of the opinion that the Democratic position will stand the test of logic and law.

There may be circumstances which render the appropriation of public funds to aid an enterprise that is of a private nature, but as a rule it is not right. Taxes are levied and collected for public purposes, and it follows that they must be appropriated for such purposes only.

Usually, when bounties and bonuses are given it is to capitalists and not to the producers and toilers. The sugar bounty is not to the beet growers, but to the manufacturers. Of course, it may be argued that the farmer gets his benefit by a good price for his beets. But watch and see whether he gets any more for them than he can raise them for, under any circumstances. He gets as low a figure as possible, bounty or no bounty to the manufacturer.

In some places the bounty is divided between the sugar makers and the beet growers. That is more equitable. But the principle is wrong, and is justified, if at all, by some special and peculiar circumstances. The only safe, consistent and constitutional rule is to expend public moneys for public purposes only.

When that is not maintained the true object of government and the collection of taxes is departed from, and the way is open to extravagance, corruption and public debts.

As to sugar making or any other branch of industry, it is an attempt at deception when an insinuation or charge is made that Democrats are opposed to them. It is unworthy of any respectable newspaper.

MR. HOAR is right. The election of Senators by direct vote of the people would essentially change the character of the Senate, and the people want that mightily. The United States Senate of late years has failed to meet the just expectations of the sovereigns of the land. Elections for membership have given rise to the greatest scandals, and it has come to be a fact that only millionaires, or men who hold influence by their connection with large corporations, can hope to obtain seats in the upper house of Congress.

The country wants reform. It wants to see rich nonentities put in the background, and the best talent and genius of the land transferred to the highest parliamentary body in the world.

THE APPOINTMENT of Colonel JAMES O. BROADHEAD, of Missouri, as minister to Switzerland is scarcely a full recognition of the merits of such a man, but is gratifying as a testimonial to his entire worthiness as a representative of the American character at one of the most cultured foreign capitals. Colonel BROADHEAD was a commissioner, in 1885, to France, to investigate and report to the State department on the Spoils claims. He has also been a representative in Congress, president of the American Bar association, etc. As a lawyer, he was employed at Salt Lake in some of the Church cases, and is pleasantly remembered by many of our citizens.

IF IT is true that Squire ABINODON BAIRD has left all his possessions to the Jersey Lily, it is the culmination of one of the worst scandals that has ever disgraced a woman. This man, it is said, made a contract with Mrs. LANGTRY, by which

she agreed for \$50,000 to take a month's pleasure cruise with him. At another time she accepted a sum equal to a large fortune as salary for a couple of blue frames round her eyes from BAIRD's darts, which wounds, it appears, are to be still further greased with the remainder of his fortune. It is but another illustration of pampered beauty hand in hand with mercenary wickedness.

What Stronger Proof is needed of the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla than the hundreds of letters continually coming in, telling of marvellous cures it has effected after all other remedies had failed? Truly, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses peculiar curative power unknown to other medicines.

Hood's PILLS cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal. They are the best family cathartic.

CONFERENCE.

Rates and Arrangement—Rio Grande Western Railway.

Rates came as last year and are at least one fare for the round trip to Salt Lake; from far points rates are lower; see nearest ticket agent Rio Grande Western railway, exact rates. A conference special will leave Ogden daily from April 3 to 9 at 8:30 a. m.; leaves Salt Lake on return trip at 5:30 p. m. The run will be made in both directions in one hour, and train will stop at all intermediate points. Train formerly leaving Silver City at 6:55 a. m., passing Payson, Spanish Fork, Springville, American Fork, Lehi and other intermediate points, will be discontinued April 1, run at an earlier hour so as to arrive at Salt Lake promptly at 10 a. m.

Returning, train will leave Salt Lake at 5 p. m., instead of 4:05 p. m. as heretofore. All other trains will run on present schedules.

Tickets at the greatly reduced rates limited to April 15, will be sold from April 3 to 9 inclusive, from Ogden, Silver City, Springville, Bingham and intermediate stations. From all other points tickets will be on sale from April 2 to 9, limited to April 20. Street cars make connections at Rio Grande Western depot for the hotels and the temple square.

Imported and domestic champagne. The Kentucky Liquor Co., 11, 13 and 15 E. Second South.

Protection.

The "Pennsylvania," of Philadelphia will take care of you.

H. J. GRANT & Co., Agents.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you bilious, constipated or troubled with jaundice, sick headache, and taste in the mouth, foul breath, coated tongue, dyspepsia, indigestion, hot, dry skin, pain in back and between the shoulders, chills and fever, etc.? If you have any of these symptoms your liver is out of order and your blood is slowly being poisoned because your liver does not act properly. Herbine will cure any disorder of the liver, stomach or bowels. It has no equal as a liver medicine. Price 75 cents. A small bottle at Z. C. M. I. drug department.

For Letter Heads.

Bill heads, statements, ball tickets and all kinds of job work send to THE HERALD. Quick work and reasonable prices assured.

Salt Lake Merchants

Are urged to regard the following facts with personal interest. Since December 1st, 1892, to March 1st, 1893, THE HERALD has added to its list of daily subscribers in the city, over 500 new patrons. From March 1st, to 24th inclusive, 225 more. From Monday to Saturday of this week, 100 more, or an average of 17 1/2 a day. Let us show you their names and residences.

Conference Notice.

The fact that the temple gate will close at 8:30 a. m. during the dedicatory ceremonies of the respective stakes, should not confound the people that for the regular conference days it is necessary to be on hand so early. The Rio Grande Western train from Payson, Spanish Fork, Springville, Provo, Lehi, American Fork and intermediate points, arriving at Salt Lake at 10 a. m., is sufficiently early for all purposes. It is the intention of the Rio Grande Western on the special days added to the various stakes to run fast special trains which will arrive at Salt Lake not later than 8 a. m. These trains will distance all competitors. The people should watch for the schedule. Street cars will take you from the R. G. W. depot to the Temple square without change.

Pure drugs—Johnson-Pratt Drug Co.

Notice to Lumber Men.

Sealed proposals will be received until 6 p. m. Saturday, April 8, 1893, at the office of the Salt Lake city engineer, works, room 403 McCorkle building, for about 1,000,000 feet of lumber, common and select. Specified lists of this lumber can be obtained at the above named office.

OTTO STALMANN, Manager.

The public demand through service when traveling. It is old-fashioned to "Change Cars." On the through, solid vestibled trains of the Chicago, Union Pacific & Northwestern line from or to Chicago, Omaha and intermediate points there is no change. This is the finest and fastest service between the points named.

Artificial Eureka Cream.

The finest of lotions for chapped hands and lips, rough skin, pimples, tan, etc. Makes the skin soft, white and smooth. Elegantly perfumed. Only 25c. At druggists.

Fine soaps—Johnson-Pratt Drug Co.

California wines one dollar per gallon. The Kentucky Liquor Co., 11, 13 and 15 E. Second South.

An Easy Winner.

The solid vestibled trains of the Chicago, Union Pacific & Northwestern Line distance all competitors with ease. It has the shortest line, fastest time, Union depots and no change or delay at the Missouri River, and is the popular World's Fair route.

The American

Fire Insurance company of Philadelphia will insure you against fire.

H. J. GRANT & Co., Agents.

Knight & Co., J. W. West, manager; fresh and cured meats. Corner of State and 2d South. Telephone 213.

Notice, members Rocky Mountain Lodge No. 3, K. of P. A. election for representatives to the grand lodge will be held Thursday evening, April 6, 1893.

J. W. MAHAFFEY, K. of K. and S.

Everyone appreciates sweet creamy butter. You can obtain it from N. F. S. and D. Co., H. J. Faust, Jr., superintendent, P. O. box 545.

Tried & True

may well be said of the Superior Medicine, the standard blood-purifier,

AYER'S

SARSAPARILLA

Its long record assures you that what has cured others

will cure you

The best only the best materials—lumber, brick, lime, cement, sand—whatever goes into the construction of a building; they employ only the best workmen and pay the best wages; they get better prices for their work than their less careful competitors, and always get the best contracts; they paint their work with

Strictly Pure White Lead

manufactured by the "Old Dutch" process of slow corrosion; the

"Southern"

brand has been the standard white lead in Utah for twenty-five years. For colors they use the National Lead Company's Pure White Lead Tinting Colors. These colors are sold in small cans, each being sufficient to tint twenty-five pounds of Strictly Pure White Lead the desired shade.

This brand of Strictly Pure White Lead and National Lead Co.'s Tinting Colors, are for sale by the most reliable dealers in paints everywhere.

If you are going to paint, it will pay you to send to us for a book containing information that will save you many a dollar; it will only cost you a postal card to do so.

NATIONAL LEAD CO.

St. Louis Branch, Clark Avenue and Tenth Street.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

Chas. S. Burton, Manager.

MONDAY, APRIL 3-4-5.

THE TRAGEDIAN.—Louis

Warde & James.

In Superb Production of Classic Plays.

MONDAY NIGHT.

Shakespeare's Roman Tragedy.

JULIUS CAESAR.

Mr. Warde as Marc Anthony. Mr. James as Brutus. Mr. Chas. L. Herndon as Cassius. Mr. Howard Kyle as Julius Caesar.

TUESDAY NIGHT.

Geo. H. Baker's Beautiful Tragedy.

Francesca Da Rimini.

Mr. Warde as Landotio. Mr. J. Rice as Pepe. Miss Eodthe Chapman as Francesca. Mr. Howard Kyle as Paolo.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT.

Shakespeare's Immortal Work.

OTHELLO.

Mr. James as Othello. Mr. Warde as Iago.

Prices—\$1.00, \$1.00, 50c., 25c. Seats now selling.

Next Attraction, Home Dramatic Club.

Thursday and Friday, April 6-7, "The Magistrate." Saturday and Sunday, April 8-9, "The World." Sale of seats begins Tuesday, April 4. Prices—50c., 50c., 75c., \$1.

AT WORDERLAND

ON 2d South Next Cullen Hotel

THIS WEEK

WEEK OF THURSDAY, MARCH 20.

Our Popular Stock Company in the favorite Comedy, A RUNAWAY WIFE; or FUR-THIEVED ROMANCE.

JOHN HANSON CRAIG, the human mason, weighing 275 pounds, the heaviest man living. An entire new show on Higon stage. All new faces.

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A Lilliputian City Operated by Electricity.

Multitudes of Moving Figures Engaged in Business.

This Wonderful and Marvellous Work of Mechanism is now on exhibition at No. 44 Main Street from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. Nothing in it inappropriate for ladies or children.

There is in connection with the above, the Wonderful Arosam Collection of Antiquities—consisting of instruments of torture and execution, collected and brought to this country by J. Arosam, of New York city. All the above at No. 44 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

The KEELEY INSTITUTE

OF SALT LAKE,

FOR THE CURE OF

Liquor, Opium and Tobacco Habits,

GARDO HOUSE, SALT LAKE CITY.

The Keeley Institute is once more under the sole management of Dr. Groves, who will devote his energy and skill to the interests of all patients who attend the Institute.

The entire building has been renovated and refurnished in elegant style, and every effort used to secure the greatest convenience and comfort for patients.

The success of Dr. Groves in the treatment of patients is too well known to require much comment. He has successfully treated during the past year over 750 men and women, and so far as is known not more than three per cent. have returned to their former habits.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE STANDS ALONE. What has become of the thousands of impostors? They all claimed to have the Keeley cure. Today they are not to be found.

You cannot find one Keeley patient who will tell you that he was not absolutely cured. Address all communications to

DR. ARTHUR L. GROVES, Managing Physician, Gardo House, Salt Lake City.

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AND—

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Fishing Tackle, Tents, Hammocks, Fireworks, Flags, Etc.

Agents for NATIONAL TRICYCLES.

We will carry a full line of Bicycles, all grades, with cushion and pneumatic tires. Our prices will be within the reach of all.

Don't fail to see the No. 4 Rambler, the best of all. Actual weight